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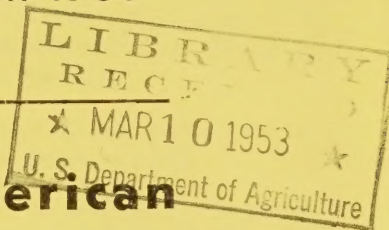
No

Hardy

Perennial

Plants

Season 1953

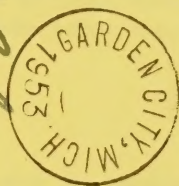


**American
Perennial Gardens**

P. O. Box 37

Garden City, Michigan

*The Librarian
U.S. Dept of Agriculture
Washington 25, D.C.*



RETURN POSTAGE GUARANTEED

Hardy Perennial Plants for Season 1953

All stock is field grown unless otherwise noted, wild flowers, as well as the other perennials. Conservationists can buy our wild flowers knowing that they are not contributing to the despoilation of any natural area. Gardeners can buy knowing the stock will have the compact root system of the nursery grown plant instead of the rambling root of the collected plant. Only freshly dug plants will be used to fill orders.

All plants are 50c each, 3 of one variety for \$1.35, 10 of one variety for \$4.00, except as noted.

All 35c plants are 90c for 3 — \$2.50 for 10 of one kind

All 40c plants are \$1.05 for 3 — \$3.00 for 10 of one kind

All 60c plants are \$1.65 for 3 — \$5.00 for 10 of one kind

All 75c plants are \$2.00 for 3 — \$6.00 for 10 of one kind

All \$1.00 plants are \$2.70 for 3 — \$8.00 for 10 of one kind

All \$1.50 plants are \$4.00 for 3—\$12.00 for 10 of one kind

5 or more of one variety will take the 10 rate. We will quote quantity rates to gardeners or landscape architects who wish to buy in quantity for landscaping or naturalizing. Michigan residents add 3% sales tax.

All orders of 2.00 or over postpaid in United States. Under \$2.00 add 25c to help cover postage and packing.

A certificate of inspection is attached to each shipment.

We would be pleased to correspond with persons who collect seed of native wold flowers or other rare plants. Seed should be properly ripened, true to name, fresh and from areas where temperature falls below zero. Seed wanted for our own use.

American Perennial Gardens is located in Garden City on Venoy Road, north of Ford Road and just south of Warren Road. Venoy Road is four miles west of Telegraph Road, U. S. 24.

Direct all mail to P. O. Box 37, Garden City. Phone L0gan 1-0712.

Send names and addresses of interested garden friends and we will gladly send them our lists.

For the present the gardens will only be open for local sales on Saturday and Sunday. Visitors will be welcome on those days.

Native Perennials

- Actaea rubra*—Red Baneberry, 1-2 ft. White flowers in short cylindric cluster in spring, followed by attractive red fruit in late summer. Rich moist shade. Eastern N. A. 40c.
- Actinea herbacea* — Lakeside Daisy. Large yellow daisy-like flowers in spring on 6-10 in. wooly stems. Foliage gray-green, forming low neat mound. Sun. Rare. Locally only in Ill., Ohio and Ont.
- Allium cernuum* — Nodding Onion. 6-16 in. Pearly pink umbels, July. Much of U. S. Sun. 40c.
- Anemone canadensis* — Canadian anemone. 1-2 ft. White flowers late spring. Light shade or sun. N. E. U. S. and adjacent Canada. 35c.
- Anemonella thalictroides* — Rue Anemone. 6-9 in. White pink tinged flowers April-June. Light shade. One of the best loved eastern wild flowers. Eastern half of U. S. 35c.
- Aquilegia canadensis* — American Columbine 1-3 ft. Red and yellow. May-June. Attracts hummingbirds. Light shade or sun. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada. 40c.
- Aquilegia chrysantha* — Golden Columbine 2-3 ft. Large yellow long spurred flowers. May-June. N. Mex. and Ariz.
- Aquilegia coerulea* — Colorado Columbine. 1-1½ ft. Long spurred blue and white. State flower of Colo. Sun. Rocky Mts. 75c.
- Aquilegia latiuscula* — A dainty red and yellow columbine from the plains of Minn. and the Dakotas. Full sun.
- Arisaema dracontium* — Green Dragon. 2-3 ft. Closely related to the Jack in the Pulpit. Rich moist soil in shade. Eastern U. S. and Canada.
- Arisaema triphyllum* — Jack-in-the-Pulpit, 1-2 ft. Rich moist soil in shade. Fruit very showy in fall. Eastern U. S. and Canada.
- Artemisia frigida* — Mountain Fringe or Prairie Sage-wort. Velvet silvery mounds of very finely cut leaves to 4 in. Blossom spikes to 15 in. Fine rock or border plant in full sun. Alaska to Sask., S. to Kansas, Texas and Ariz.
- Asarum canadense* — Wild Ginger. April-May. Rich moist shade. Useful ground cover. N.E. U. S. and Appalachians. 35c.
- Asclepias tuberosa* — Butterfly weed, 2 ft. Showy orange flowers. June-August. Dry location in sun. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada.
- Baptisia australis* — Blue Wild Indigo, 4-6 ft. Indigo-blue flowers in June, nearly an inch long, in loose-flowered long terminal racemes. Attractive lupine foliage. Sun. Penna. to Ind. and S. to Ga.
- Callirhoe involucrata* — Wine Poppy or Purple Poppy Mallow. 12 in. Showy deep rose purple flowers from spring to heavy fall frosts. Fine for dry bank in full sun. Minn. - Texas.
- Campanula rotundifolia* — Blue Bells of Scotland. 9-15 in. Dainty bell-shaped flowers. June to frost. Sun or shade. Native to much of the N. temperate region of the world. 40c.
- Cassia marilandica* — Wild Senna. 3-4 ft. Attractive light green foliage. Flowers in axillary racemes near top of stalks, bright yellow. July-August. Wet or dry soil, full sun. Penna. to Iowa, So. to Fla. and Tex. 40c.

- Chelone glabra* — White Turtlehead. 2-4 ft. White flowers rose tinted on dense spikes. August-September. Moist location or ordinary garden soil. Light shade or sun. Eastern half of U. S. 40c.
- Chelone Lyoni* — Pink Turtlehead, 2-3 ft. Rose colored flowers, August-September. Moist location or ordinary garden soil. Light shade or sun. Native to mountains of Va. and southward. 40c.
- Dicentra eximia* — Fringed Bleeding Heart. 8-12 in. Heart shaped, nodding rose colored flowers. April-September, similar to the old favorite *Spectabilis*. Light shade in humus filled soil. N. Y. to Tenn. and Ga.
- Dicentra eximia*, The Hybrid, Bountiful. Similar to above but superior. Larger and flowers more freely. 75c.
- Dicentra formosa* — Western Bleeding Heart. Similar to *Eximia*. Same culture. Cal. to B. Co.
- Epigaea repens* — Trailing Arbutus. A prostrate under-shrub with evergreen leaves. Flowers very fragrant, clustered in leaf axils. White to pink. Early spring. Humus filled soil in shade. Eastern half of N. A. Pot grown plants. \$1.25 each. 3 - \$3.45. 10 - \$10.00.
- Eriogonum ovalifolium*. 6 in. Gray-white leaves in mounds, supporting many white to rose colored flowers. Good drainage in sun.
- Eupatorium coelestinum* — Hardy Ageratum. 12-14 in. Light purple-blue flowers, similar to *ageratum*. August till frost. Light shade or sun. N. J. to Mich., Kan. and southward. 40c.
- Eupatorium purpureum* — Joe-Pye Weed, 4-8 ft. Pale pink florets in large terminal plume. Moist or garden conditions in sun. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada. 40c.
- Gentiana andrewsii* — Closed Gentian, 1-2 ft. Blue to violet blue flowers. Sept.-Oct. Moist or ordinary garden conditions. Sun or light shade. Eastern N. A. 40c.
- Gentiana andrewsii alba* — White Closed Gentian. A most beautiful and very rare form of the above. Culture the same. 75c.
- Geranium maculatum* — Wild Geranium, 1-2 ft. Lavender-purple flowers. May-June. 1½ in. across. Light shade. Eastern U. S. 35c.
- Heliopsis laevis picheriana*, 2-3 ft. Yellow daisy-like blooms in August. Valuable for the hardy border in dry location. Useful for cutting. Makes clump, 3-4 ft. wide. Eastern N. A.
- Hepatica acutiloba* — Sharplobe Hepatica. 4-6 in. White to pink or lavender-blue flowers, early spring. Leaves semi-evergreen. Shade or light shade. Maine to Minn. So. to Ga., Ala. and Mo. 35c.
- Hepatica triloba* — Roundlobe Hepatica. Similar to *acutiloba*, but rounded leaves. N. S. to Man., So. to Fla., Ala. and Mo. 35c.
- Heuchera americana* — American Alum Root or Rock Geranium. 1-2 ft. Greenish flowers in June. Semi-evergreen mottled foliage, very attractive. Light shade. Central Ont. and Mich. to Ga., Ala. and Okla. 35c.
- Heuchera villosa* — Hairy Alum Root. 9-18 in. Dainty white flowers resembling miterwort. July-October. Top-notch ground cover for moist shade. Eastern U. S. 35c.
- Houstonia caerulea* — Bluets or Angel Eyes. 4-5 in. Lavender-blue with yellow eye. Early spring. Full sun. N. E. U. S. 40c.

- Hydrastis canadensis** — Golden Seal, 12-15 in. Greenish-white flowers. April-May, followed by bright red berry. July-August. Shade. Grown commercially for the root. Vt. to Minn., So. to Ga., Ala. and Ark. 40c.
- Iris cristata** — Crested Iris, 4-6 in. Sky-blue with yellow fringed crest. May. Sun or light shade. D. C. to Ind. and Mo., So. to N. C., Ala. and Ark. 40c.
- Iris versicolor** — Large Blue Flag. 2 ft. June. Ordinary garden conditions or by pool or streamside in full sun. Eastern N. A., No. of W. Va. 40c.
- Liatris scariosa** — Blue Blazing Star or Button Gayfeather. 4-6 ft. Dry soil in full sun. East of Rocky Mts., U. S. and Canada. Large size 50c each. Small size 35c each.
- Liatris spicata** — Spike Gayfeather. 3-5 ft. Full sun in dry soil. Long spikes of rose-purple flowers. July-September. Atlantic and Gulf States. Mass. to La.
- Lobelia cardinalis** — Cardinal Flower. The most showy of all our native flowers and one of the easiest to grow. Bright red flowers from late July till October. Grows best in rich garden soil in full sun or light shade. Mulch in summer to keep ground cool and moist and in winter to prevent heaving. Use straw or sawdust. Very attractive to humming birds. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada. 40c.
- Lobelia siphilitica** — Large Blue Lobelia. 1-2 ft. Blue flowers. July-August. Culture same as *cardinalis*. Eastern U. S. and Canada. 40c.
- Mertensia virginica** — Virginia Blue Bells. 1-2 ft. Spring flowering, pink buds open into beautiful blue flowers. Garden conditions in light shade or sun. Also moist locations. Eastern U. S.
- Mitella diphylla** — Miterwort or Bishops Cap. 8-17 in. White flowers. April-May. Excellent ground cover for shady, moist location. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada. 40c.
- Monarda didyma** — Scarlet Wild Bergamot or Bee Balm. 2-3 ft. Bright red. July-August. Rich moist soil in light shade or sun. Attracts humming birds. N. Y. to Mich., So. to Ga. and Tenn. 40c.
- Monarda menthaefolia** — Mintleaf Bergamot, 1½ ft. Rose or lilac blossoms about one inch long. Dry location in full sun. Native to much of Western N. A. 40c.
- Oenothera missouriensis** — Missouri Primrose or Glade Lily. Prostrate plant. Showy yellow flowers to 4 in. across on ascending branches. June-August. Full sun. Use edge of border or rock garden. Mo. and Kan. to Texas.
- Opuntia humifusa (vulgaris)** — Prickly Pear. A prostrate plant with flat spiny thickened leaves. Showy yellow flowers in July. Sun. Rock garden or sandy soil. Mass. to Minn., So. to S. C., Ala., Miss., Mo. and Okla. 40c.
- Penstemon** — Beardtongue Penstemons are among the most showy of American wild flowers. The flowers are shaped like fox gloves. Fine in beds or borders. They are good cut flowers. They do best in well drained, rather poor soil in full sun.
- Penstemon alpinus**. 12 in. Dark green foliage. Large blue flowers in July. Rocky Mts. and high plains. 40c.
- P. barbatus** — Fire Cracker Penstemon. 3 ft. Showy flame red flowers. Colo.

- P. barbatus*, Rose Elf. 2-3 ft. An outstanding new hardy penstemon of the *barbatus* type. The flower is a lovely coral pink. Blooms June and July. An excellent cut flower as well as a good garden display.
- P. Cobaea*. 2 ft. Reddish purple to white. May-June. A very showy penstemon. Mo. and Neb. South. 40c.
- P. confertus*. 1-2 ft. Cream white to sulphur yellow. Likes more moist and richer soil than the others. Rocky Mts. to Ore. and Calif. 40c.
- P. fruticosus*. 1 ft. Shrubby. Blue-Violet Wyo. to Ore. 40c.
- P. glaber*. 1-2 ft. Large blue flowers in July. Missouri River, west. 40c.
- P. grandiflorus*. Large Flowered Beardtongue. 2-4 ft. Stalk and leaves smooth blue-green. Flowers large rich lavender, pink or white. One of the most showy. June. Prairies of Ill. and Minn., westward.
- P. grandiflorus alba*. A pure white selection of above. A most beautiful plant.
- P. haydeni* - Blow-out Penstemon. 12-20 in. Flowers large milky blue, fragrant. Unusual long narrow gray-green leaves. Very rare.
- P. hyb. murrayanus* x *grandiflorus*, remarkable plum-purple and other colors.
- P. nitidus* 3-10 in. Long gray leaves. Sky-blue flowers. 40c.
- P. spectabilis*. 2-4 ft. Rose-purple or lilac. 40c.
- P. venustus*. 2 ft. Showy blue flowers. 40c.
- Phlox amoena*. Amoena Phlox. 12 in. Upright bush form. Pink flowers in May. Sun. Va. to Ky. and south.
- Phlox divaricata laphami*. Wild Sweet William. 12 in. Lilac. May.
- Phlox maculata*. Meadow Phlox. 2-3 ft. Purple-streaked stems. Flowers pink-purple in summer. Penna. 40c.
- Phlox ovata*. Mountain or Pink Phlox 4-7 in. Semi-evergreen. Good ground cover in light shade. Pink or light red flowers 1 in. across in May. Mountain regions, Penna. to Ala. 40c.
- Phlox stolonifera*. Creeping Phlox. 4-12 in. Creeping Reddish-purple. May. Light shade. Higher mountains, Penna to Ga. 40c.
- Polomonium reptans*. Greek valerian or Jacobs Ladder. 9-12 in. Bright blue flowers in April or May. Grows naturally in moist light shade also under garden conditions. Attractive in bloom or foliage. N. Y. to Ala. west to Minn. and Kan. 40c.
- Blue Pearl. A named selection with graceful foliage and light blue flowers. Partial shade or sun. Blooms in May.
- Sanguinaria canadensis*. Bloodroot or Red Puccoon. 6-12 in. White flowers April-May. Light shade. Que. to Man. south to Ky. and Kan. 35c.
- Scutellaria resinosa*. Dwarf Scull-cap. 8-10 in. A very neat little plant for a dry sunny location, blooming over a long period in summer and fall. Flowers blue and white. Native of the plains, Neb. and Kan. to Tex. and Ariz. 40c.
- Sieversia turbinata* (*Geum Rossii*) 10 in. Bright yellow flowers. Finely cut green and purplish foliage. An alpine from Colorado's mountain peaks and the Artic. 40c.
- Sisyrinchium albidum*. Blue Eyed Grass. 10-12 in. Blue flowers in summer. Dry location in sun. Ga., Ala. to Ga., north to Ont., Mich. and Wis. 35c.

Sisyrinchium graminoides. Winged Blue-eyed Grass. About 1 ft. Violet-blue flowers in summer. Eastern half of U. S. and Canada. 35c.

Smilacina racemosa. Solomon's Plume or False Spikenard. 1½ - 2 ft. Fluffy, white racemes of flowers in May-June. Glossy red berries appear in late summer. Light shade. Almost throughout U. S. and Canada. 35c.

Stokesia laevis. Stokes Aster. 1-2 ft. Large blue and white flowers July-August, 3 to 4 in. across. Sun or light shade. S. C., Ga. to La. 35c.

Blue Moon. A named selection of the above. Immense light blue flowers, 5 to 6 in. in diameter on 12 to 18 in. stems. Vigorous growing, free flowering and pest free. Flowers throughout summer and autumn until stopped by frost.

Streptopus amplexifolius. Twisted Stalk. 2-3 ft. Nodding bell shaped, greenish-white flowers on twisted stalks in spring, followed by shining red fruit in autumn. Appalachian Mts., northeast U. S. and Arctic regions. 40c.

Thalictrum diocum. Early Meadow Rue, 2 ft. A beautiful foliage plant for moist location or garden conditions. Greenish-yellow flowers April-May. Sun or light shade. Lab. to Ala., west to Mo. 40c.

Thalictrum polygamum. Tall Meadow Rue. 3-19 ft. White to purplish flowers July-August. Rich moist location in sun. Eastern U. S. and Canada. 40c.

Thermopsis caroliniana. Aaronsrod or Carolina Thermopsis. 3-5 ft. Large yellow lupine like flowers in terminal racemes in May-June. Graceful and pest free plant for the border. Ordinary soil in sun. Mts. of N. C. 40c.

Tiarella cordifolia. Foamflower or False Miterwort. 6-10 in. Feathery white flowers in early spring. A top-notch ground cover for a moist shady location. N. S. to Ont., south to Ga. 35c.

Uvularia grandiflora. Large Merrybells or Bellwort. 12-18 in. Nodding bright yellow flowers at tips of the stalks in spring. Moist rich soil in shade or in the border. Que. to S. Dak., south to Ga., Ala., Ark. and Okla. 35c.

Uvularia sessifolia. Little Merrybells. Also known as Wild Oats. 12 in. Nodding light yellow flowers. Similar to *grandiflora*. Any soil in light shade. N. B. to N. D., south to Ga., Ala. and Mo. 35c.

Verbena bipinnatifida. Small Flowered Verbena. A creeping plant with finely dissected leaves. Bright blue-lilac or pink flowers May to Oct. Dry open location. Ala. to Ariz. and Mex., north to Mo. and S. D. 40c.

Verbena canadensis. Rose or Large Flowered Verbena. Similar to *Bipinnatifida* but larger in all parts. Rose purple flowers, May to Oct. Dry sunny location. Fla. to Texas, north to Va., Ill., Ia., Kans. and Colo. 40c.

Veronica virginica. Culvers Root. 3-5 ft. Small white flowers on slender spikes in late summer. Allow to grow into large clumps in sun. Eastern states. 40c.

Viola canadensis. Canada Violet. Leafy stemmed plant to one foot. Yellow centered white flowers late spring or early summer. Rich soil in shade. N. B. to Ala., west to Rock Mts. 35c.

Viola papilionaceae var. *pricema*. Confederate Violet. 6 in. Blue-gray. May. Sun or light shade in rich soil. Carolinas and Ga. to Ky. and Ark. 35c.

Viola pedata. Birdfoot or Pansy Violet. 4-8 in. large lilac-purple flowers April-June. Plant in well drained location in full sun, never under trees or crowd with other plants. Will bloom till Oct. under such conditions. State flower of Ill. Eastern half of U. S. 35c.

Viola pedata. Bi-colored Birdfoot Violet. Similar to *pedata* except one petal much darker colored. Grow as above. 40c.

Viola villosa or *Viola adunca* (uncertain on identification). Violet colored. Neat clump of foliage. Grows under same conditions as *pedata*. 35c.

Viola (Species or Hybrid). This plant has most unusual blue and white mottled flowers. It has never formed seeds for us and has been propagated by division. 35c.

Yucca filamentosa. Common Yucca, Adams Needle or Silk Grass. 3-6 ft. Lily like white flowers on tall spike early summer. Evergreen plant for dry location in sun. Costal plain of Ga. to N. J. Heavy plants. 75c. Small plants. 35c.

Yucca glauca. Soapweed. 3-6 ft. Greenish white flowers. May-July. Gray-green leaves, narrower and stiffer than *filamentosa*. S. Dak. to N. Mex. 75c.

Collection No. 1. Shade Loving Plants

Red Baneberry, jack in the pulpit, sharplobed Hepatica, golden seal, canada violet, foamflower and large merrybells. 5 plants of each variety, 35 plants in all. \$7.50

Col. No. 2. Plants for Light Shades

American columbine, fringed bleeding heart, wild geranium, American alumroot, creeping phlox, confederate violet and stokes aster. 5 plants of each variety, 35 plants in all. \$8.00.

Collection No. 3. Sun Loving Plants

Lakeside daisy, mountain fringe, wine poppy button gayfeather, fire cracker penstemon, dwarf scullcap and large flowered verbenas. 5 plants of each variety, 35 plants in all. \$10.00.

All three collections postpaid, \$23.00.

The following native trees or shrubs for local sale only.

Gleditsia triacanthos. Honeylocust. 50-75 ft. A rapidly growing long lived shade tree suited to sandy soils. 4 to 6 ft. trees. \$4.00.

G. triacanthos inermis. Similar to above but without spines. 4-6 ft. trees. \$5.00.

Ilex verticillata. Winterberry or Mich. Holly. 6-15 ft. A shrub for moist location covered with red berries late fall and early winter. 15-18 in. shrubs. \$1.25.

Lindera aestivale. Spice Bush. 10 ft. Honey yellow flowers March or April. Bright red fruit in Aug. and Sept. All parts of shrub aromatic. 2 ft. shrubs. \$2.00.

Potentilla fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil, 3 ft. Bright yellow flowers in summer. Wet or dry location in sun. 15 in. \$2.00.

Sorbus. Mountain Ash. 15-25 ft. A rapidly growing small tree used as a lawn ornament. White flowers in May or June and bright red berries late summer. 4-5 ft. trees. \$3.00.

Viburnum opulus var. *Americanum*. American Cranberry Bush. 10 ft. White flowers May-June. Red fruit in Sept. Leaves brilliant scarlet when in fall color. Berries can be used as cranberries or jelly. 18-24 in shrubs. \$1.25.

Perennial List

Achillea, Milfoil or Yarrow. Rock and border perennials valuable for cutting. Any sunny location in not too rich soil.

Filipendulina, Golden Plate. 3-4 ft. Large heads of bright yellow blooms, borne on sturdy stems. June to Aug. One of the very finest of perennials for show in the garden, and for cutflower. If dried will last all winter. Can be painted any color. Also used for Ming-tree gardens.

Ptarmica. The Pearl. 18 in. Clusters of double white flowers. A favorite for cutting all summer long, and a good filler plant. June to August.

Tomentosa aurea. 6 in. Golden yellow flowers in June over silvered, foliage.

Aconitum, Monkshood. Late summer flowering perennials particularly adapted for the partially or shady border, preferring rich moist soil.

Napellus, Sparks Variety, 4-5 ft. Deep blue flowers. July and August.

Aethionema, Persian Candytuft. Dwarf rock plants for light, sandy or well drained soil in full sun.

Grandiflora. 9 in. Strong twiggy bushes of blue green foliage. Rosy pink flowers, June and July. 60c.

Warley Rose. 12 in. A low growing plant with blue-green foliage. Rose colored flowers, April and May. 60c.

Agrostemma. Rose Champion or Dusty Miller. Perennial for well drained sunny border.

Coronaria atrosanguinea. 18-24 in. Silvery foliage with deep blood red flowers in June and July.

Ajuga, Bugle. Dwarf creeping perennials for edging or carpeting in sun or shade. May be used under trees where grass will not grow.

Reptans. 4-6 in. A splendid green leaved variety with deep purplish blue flower, May or June.

Reptans, Pink Spire. A variety with very good foliage. Pink flowers instead of blue. May or June.

Reptans Rubra. 4-6 in. Dark brown foliage with deep purplish blue flowers. May and June.

Alyssum, Madwort or Basket of Gold. Early flowering perennials which combine well with other plants in the rock or wall garden or the front of sunny borders. May also be used to carpet the beds of spring bulbs. Any good well drained soil suitable.

Montanum. 4 in. Semi-trailing stems, gray leaves and yellow flowers. Fragrant.

Saxatile compactum. 1 ft. Very showy yellow flowers in April and May.

Anchusa, Alkanet or Bugloss. Herbaceous perennials for a deep well drained soil either shade or sun.

Myosotidiflora. 12 in. Clusters of gentian blue forget-me-not like flowers in May and June. The blue flowers combine well with other spring flowers and the heart-shaped leaves make an attractive ground cover throughout the season.

Aquilegia, Columbine. Any good soil well drained will grow columbines, but they will be best in a light shade.

Scott Elliott Hybrids, 3 ft. Finest of all the long spurred mixtures with striking colors and combinations.

Short Spurred Blue. 12-24 in. Large blue to purplish blue. Has been our best seller locally.

Arabis, Rock-Cress. Suitable for edging beds and borders or fine in the rock wall or garden. Good well drained soil, either sun or shade.

Alpina. 5 in. Masses of pure white flowers in early spring.

Pink Charm. 4-5 in. Fine rock garden species. From flat rosettes rise spike-like racemes of little rose-pink flowers.

Armeria, Thrift or Sea Pink. Plant in a dry sandy location in full sun, about 8 in. apart. Fine for edging or rock garden.

Large Flowered Hybrids. 1-1½ ft. Soft rose and pink shades.

Artemisia, Sage Brush. Useful contrast plants for the hardy border. Dry sunny location in ordinary soil.

Silver King. 3 ft. The bright silver coated stems and foliage much used in bouquets. Also dried to be used as an everlasting.

Hardy Asters, Michaelmas Daisies. The following are dwarf varieties. Will thrive in any soil but will do best in a moist location in full sun.

Constance. 10-12 in. Pure shell pink. Oct.

Lilac - Time. 12-15 in. Deep violet-blue flowers on well rounded bushy plants in mid-Sept.

Nancy. 12 in. Lively flesh pink flowers literally cover this dwarf bushy plant in late Sept.

Niobe. 12 in. Compact habit with pure white flowers in Sept.

Victor. 9 in. Dwarfest of all, covered with good sized flowers of beautiful, clear lavender blue. Early Sept.

Aubrietia, Purple Rock Cress. Plant in full sun in ordinary garden soil. One of the best rock garden plants.

Deltoidea eyrii. 2-12 in. Spring blooming purple flowers.

Campanula, Bellflower. Plant in full sun in well drained good garden soil. Use as edging or rock garden plants.

Collina. 12 in. Masses of pale blue bell-like flowers are produced on slender stems in May.

Cullinmore. A hybrid form of *carpatica* and other dwarf growing species. It is more prolific than *carpatica* producing flowers of various blue shades all summer.

Chrysanthemum maximum. Shasta Daisy. The Shasta Daisies are among the most desirable of all cut flowers and easily grown. Long lasting when cut and most useful to work in with other flowers in bouquets. Plant in deep rich soil in full sun.

Alaska. 2 ft. Single large white flowers. June to July.

Majestic. Immense white flowers, 5-6 in., with small yellow center. Double row of overlapping petals, makes flowers full, compact and firm. 28-30 in. stems prolifically produced. Medium early. 75c.

Mount Shasta. Pure white, fully double flowers with high crested centers on 24 in. stems. A very vigorous grower. Fine for cutting. 60c.

Delphinium. Larkspur. For the background of the perennial border or for cut flowers, delphiniums are one of our most important and satisfactory perennials. Plant in rich and well drained soil. Remove faded flowers for continuous bloom.

Lyondel Giant Hybrids, 4 ft. up. A new strain, selected for its ability to withstand drouth and severe winter conditions, large-sized flowers and wide range of beautiful colors from pale blues to deep purple. Doubles, semi-doubles and singles, June to Oct. Field grown clumps. \$1.00.

Dicentra. Bleeding Heart. An old-time garden favorite. Either full sun or light shade in well drained rich soil. **Spectabilis**. 1-2 ft. Heart shaped pink flowers, May-June. Field grown clumps. \$1.00.

Dictamnus. Gas Plant. Another old-time garden favorite. One of the most beautiful and permanent of all perennials. Plants have been known to live for generations. Use as lawn specimens or in border. Effective in flower or foliage. Do not disturb often as they improve with age, producing taller and more stems as they grow older. Moderately rich soil in sun or light shade.

Fraxinella alba. 3 ft. Long lasting white flowers, June and July. Useful for cutting. Fragrant. 75c.

Dianthus. Garden Pinks. Choice plants for the rock garden. Plant in any good well drained soil Full sun. **Deltoides**. 6 in. A low growing plant, neat and compact at all times. Profuse bloomer. Crimson red. Early summer.

Essex Witch. 5 in. Compact plant with fragrant and finely fringed rose-pink flowers.

Her Majesty. 6 in. Fragrant double white.

Latifolius atrococcineus. 18 in. Everblooming Oriental Sweet William. Fiery crimson. Blooms all summer.

Little Joe. 6 in. Large crimson blooms.

Neglectus compacta glauca. Rose Cushion. Neat little "pin cushion" mounds, deep pink, very fragrant flowers. A gem for the rock garden. 60c.

Tiny Rubies. Carnation-like flowers on 4-5 in. stems, rose pink. Compact green mounds.

Wallace Red. Semi-double brilliant crimson red flowers on 8-12 in. stems, blooms all summer. Grows compactly and cleanly. 75c.

Winteri. 12-18 in. May-June. One of the most beautiful of all pinks grown. Dollar size single flowers of pure colors are borne in great abundance on good long stems. Each flower has beautiful carmine ring in the center. Good for cutting. 60c.

Dianthus barbatus. Sweet William, single.

Dunetti, Deep Crimson.

Holborn Glory. Crimson, large white eye.

Newport Pink. Salmon.

Scarlet Beauty. Bright scarlet.

Separate colors or mixed, 35c each. 3 - 75c. 10 - \$2.00.

Euphorbia. Milkwort or Flowering Spurge.

Myrsinites. Trailing, silvery gray leaves, yellow flowers in racemes. Does equally well in sun or shade. 60c.

Polychroma. 1 ft. Formal hemispherical clump covered with yellow flowers through May and June. Fine border plant. 60c.

Gaillardia. Blanket Flower. A rich light soil in sunny location. They do well in heat and drouth.

Aurea pura. All yellow.

Goblin. 10-12 in. Dwarf compact plant with large red and yellow flowers all summer.

Geum. Avens. Grows best in a good soil, sunny location where soil is not too dry in summer.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Double fiery red, all summer. 60c.
Gypsophila. Babys Breath. Plant two feet apart in well drained sunny location.

Oldhamiana. 3 ft. Continuous bloomer with large flesh and pink tinted flowers. Fine for cutting. July to Sept.
Helenium. Helens Flower. Plant in any ordinary light soil in full sun.

Riverton gem. 3-4 ft. Aug. to Sept. Lemon yellow with disk of purplish black.

Hemerocallis. Lemon Lily. Any soil and either sun or light shade.

August pioneer. 3 ft. Mid-August to October. Chrome orange with outer half of petals delicately flushed red. 75c.

Flava. 2½ ft. June. Sweet scented clear yellow. 50c.

Hyperion. 40 in. July-August. Large citron-yellow fragrant flowers. One of the best. 75c.

Golddust. Low, early golden yellow. 50c.

J. A. Crawford. 4 ft. Late June through July. Rich apricot-yellow. 50c.

Mikado. 3 ft. June-July. Rich orange with a large spot of mahogany red on each petal. 5 in. in diameter. 50c.

Ophir. 3½ ft. July-Aug. Deep, golden yellow, 5 inch blooms. 50c.

Rajah. 4 ft. July-Aug. A new introduction by Dr. Stout in a brilliant flame scarlet with a vivid triangular throat area of Brazil red. Large beautifully shaped flowers of perfect form, freely produced. \$1.00.

Vesta. 30 in. June-July. Deep glistening gold-orange. \$1.00.

Heuchera. Alum Root or Coral Bells. Graceful perennials useful for edging walks or flower beds or in the rock garden. Plant in rich well drained soil.

Perry's White. Pure white, silvery foliage, low growing variety. A beautiful member of a valuable family.

Sanguinea Spitfire. Bright red.

Sanguinea Splendons. Extra fine red.

Hibiscus. Mallows. Plant as single specimens in full sun in rich moist, well drained soil.

Giant flowered. 3-4 ft. plant. Red, pink or white immense hollyhock-like flowers in summer. Mixed only.

Hosta. Funkia. Perennials especially good in rich moist soil in shade but may be also planted in sun.

Erromena. 2½ ft. A robust plant with dark green leaves. Flowers pale lilac.

Subcordata grandiflora. Very large, pure white, fragrant and lily shaped flowers. Aug. and Sept. 75c.

Lancifolia alba marginata. Blue flowers. Long leaves with a very narrow white edging.

Iberis. Candytuft. Shrubby plants with dark green, evergreen foliage useful as edgings to walks, borders or in rock garden. Ordinary garden soil.

Snowflake. 6-8 in. Large pure white flowers borne in great masses during May and June.

Iris Sibirica. Mixed. Blue shades.

Linum. Flax. Plant in ordinary well drained soil in sun.

Narborensis. Steel blue blooms. Attractive foliage.

Lychnis. Campion or Catchfly. Sunny location in ordinary garden soil.

Viscaria flore-pleno. 12-18 in. Compact growing plant. Fully double rose-red flowers make a brilliant show.

Lythrum. Purple Loosestrife

Superbum, Morden's Pink. 3-4 ft. Masses of rose-pink flowers on narrow spikes. Profuse and continuous bloomer, June-Sept. Good for cutting. Full sun or partial shade.

Monarda. Bee-balm or Bergamot. Plant in ordinary soil in sun or light shade. Attractive to humming birds.

Didyma, Cambridge Scarlet. Crimson-scarlet flowers, June-August.

Didyma, Croftway Pink. An appealing rich rose-pink. Free blooming. Does well in the shady garden and is excellent for cutting.

Nepeta. Ground Ivy or Catnip. Well drained soil in sunny location.

Mussini, 12 in. Deep blue flowers and grayish foliage make a pleasing combination.

Souvenir D'Andre Chaudron. 2 ft. Very large light blue flowering, upright growing plant. Doing well in hot dry locations. Fine for cutting.

Physostegia. False Dragonhead. Any good soil sunny location.

Virginica. 3-4 ft. Pink spikes, July-August. 60c.

Virginica Alba. A white variety of the above. 60c.

Platycodon. Chinese Bellflower. Light sandy soil, full sun and well drained location.

Double white. 18 in. Free flowering very large flowers. 60c.

Double white. Betty Lou. 3 ft. Pure white waxy flowers of exceptional substance. Heavy plants. \$1.50.

Shell Pink. 18 in. Single, deeper pink veins. 60c.

Polyanthus. Bunch Primrose. Primroses do best in a rich moist shady location. Also in a similar soil in full sun if mulched to keep ground cool and moist.

Clarks. Shades of red, yellow and pastels, mixed. 60c.

Giant yellow. Rich shades of golden yellow. 60c.

Colossea Mixed, 1¾ in. across. The color range is remarkable, including many quite new shades of lilac, pink, copper as well as the darkest red. 75c.

Giant Munstead Strain. Flowers of the largest size containing fine shades in yellow and white. 75c.

V. and R. Pacific Strain. Wide clear color range. Tall stems and large flowers make it perfect for cutting, specimens in the border or for edging. White, gold, scarlet, pink blends, pastel, blue and violet. 75c.

Pyrethrum. Painted Daisy. Sunny location in good soil. Neat growth and finely cut foliage make them attractive garden plants. Long stems and the simple beauty of flower make them favorites for cutting.

Helen. 24-30 in. Even double rose of fine form. Cut back plants tend to bloom again. The best double pink. 60c.

Robinson's Hybrids. 2-3 ft. Very large single flowers. Choice. 50c.

Ruby Red. Giant flowered singles for those who want the best. 60c.

Saxifraga. Rockfoil. Choice evergreen plants for the rock garden.

Cordifolia. Heartleaf Saxifrage. 12-20 in. Big heart-shaped leaves. Pink or reddish flowers in late April. Will grow in shade if kept dry in winter. 75c.

Crassifolia. Leather Saxifrage. 6-16 in. Similar to the preceding but smaller. The leaves are not heart-shaped. Flowers April-May rose-purple. 75c.

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Sedum. Stonecrop. Dwarf plants for the sunny part of rock garden or border.

Spectabile. 10 in. Rose flowers in August.

Spectabile Variegata. Same as above but with variegated leaves.

Spurium. Dragon's Blood. Bright carmine-red flowers appear above bronzy-red foliage from July to Sept. An excellent plant for wall or rock garden.

Stachys. Woundwort.

Lanata. 1 - 1½ ft. Purple flowers on dense spikes. plant white-woolly throughout.

Teucrium. Germander.

Chamaedrys. Glossy green foliage resembling dwarf box wood. Can be clipped to suit any height up to 12 in. Any well drained soil in full sun.

Thymus. Thyme. Similar to common lemon thyme but with variegated leaves. Strong lemon odor.

Tritoma. Red Hot Poker.

Primrose Beauty. Beautiful primrose yellow spikes to 30 in. produced in early summer. 75c.

Veronica. Speedwell. Ordinary garden soil in sunny location.

Incana Rosea. Silvery gray foliage with upright spikes of lovely pink flowers in June. Use as edging or rock plant.

Longifolia Subsessilis. 2 ft. July-Sept. One of the handsomest blue flowering plants. Increases in strength and beauty each year. Fine for cutting and one of the best for the hardy border. 75c.

Rupestris. Deep green foliage almost hidden in summer by clouds of bright blue flowers. Grows to only 2-3 inches. Ideal rock garden variety.

Viola, Violet.

American Beauty. 4-6 in. The nearest approach yet to a red violet. Well rooted plants.

Collection No. 4 Hemerocallis

August Pioneer, Flava, Golddust, J. A. Crawford, Mikado, Ophir and Vesta. 3 plants of each variety, 21 plants in all \$8.74. A savings of \$4.00 over list price.

